BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH

Provide the following information for the Senior/key personnel and other significant contributors. Follow this format for each person. DO NOT EXCEED FIVE PAGES.

NAME: Ugurbil, Kamil

eRA COMMONS USER NAME (credential, e.g., agency login): ugurbil

POSITION TITLE: Professor / Director

EDUCATION/TRAINING (Begin with baccalaureate or other initial professional education, such as nursing, include postdoctoral training and residency training if applicable. Add/delete rows as necessary.)

INSTITUTION AND LOCATION	DEGREE (if applicable)	Completion Date MM/YYYY	FIELD OF STUDY
Columbia University, New York, NY	B.A.	1971	Physics
Columbia University, New York, NY	M.A.	1974	Chemical Physics
Columbia University, New York, NY	Ph.D.	1977	Chemical Physics

A. Personal Statement

My research centers around magnetic resonance (MR) imaging and spectroscopy in general, ultrahigh field (UHF) MR methodology and instrumentation in particular, and the use of these methods in biomedical applications, predominantly in the study of brain function and cerebral physiology. In this area, the team I lead at the Center for Magnetic Resonance Research (CMRR), the University of Minnesota is internationally recognized for their leadership role, and has made pioneering contributions, including the introduction of the functional imaging method (fMRI), the development of numerous novel technologies and imaging methods, introduction very high magnetic fields for human brain imaging, and unique applications in the human brain achieving for the first time functional maps at the level of neuronal ensembles that can be considered to represent elementary computational units (e.g. cortical columns and layers). In addition, I act as the director of a large and scientifically successful MR center, the Center for Magnetic Resonance Research (CMRR). In this capacity, I establish, oversee and support multidisciplinary approaches and capabilities for the study of brain function. As part of that activity, I lead multi-project, multi-investigator grants as the PI (NINDS P30 grant and NIBIB Biotechnology Research Resource Center P41 grant from recently renewed for years 20 to 25, and the Human Connectome Project - joint PI with David Van Essen from Washington University, St. Louis - where I lead the technology development effort).

B. Positions and Honors

1977 – 1979: Bell Laboratories: Postdoctoral Fellow

1979 – 1982: Assistant Professor, Columbia University: (Biochemistry) 1982 – 1985: Associate Professor, University of Minnesota: (Biochemistry)

1985 – present: Professor, Univ. of Minnesota: (Radiology, Biochemistry, Medicine, and Neurosciences)
1991 – present: Founding Director, Center for Magnetic Resonance Research (CMRR), Univ. of Minnesota

1995 – 2003: Margaret & H.O. Peterson Chair of Neuroradiology, CMRR, Dept. of Radiology

2003 – 2008: Founding Director, Max-Planck Institut, Hochfeld Magnetresonanz Zentrum, Tübingen

2003 – present: McKnight Presidential Endowed Chair Professor, University of Minnesota

Other Experiences and Professional Memberships

2014 - Advisory Editor, *Neural Computation* Journal

2013 - 2014 "BRAIN" Initiative Working Group

2012- National Institute of Mental Health (NIMH), Board of Scientific Advisors

2006 - European Research Council (ERC), Life Science Panel

2000 - 2013 Advisory Board, Stanford University MR Center, Palo Alto, California

2001 - 2006 Editorial Board, Journal of Neurophysiology; 1987 - 2003 Editorial Board, NMR in Biomedicine; Journal

1997 - 2003	Advisory Board; Medical College of Wisconsin, MR Center
1997 - 2002	Program Review Board (Fachbeirat), Max Planck Institute, Leipzig, Germany
1997 - 2000	Scientific Program Committee International Society of Magnetic Resonance Imaging
1996 - 1999	Associate Editor, Journal of Magnetic Resonance (JMR)
1989 - 1994	Journal Editorial Board, Biochemical Journal
1988 - 1994	Advisory Board, National Magnet Lab, Massachusetts Institute of Technology
1988 - 1991	Trustee of the International Society of Magnetic Resonance in Medicine
1987 - 1989	Advisory Board, Center for Nuclear Imaging Research (CNIR), University of Alabama
1986 - present	Member, International Society of Magnetic Resonance in Medicine (ISMRM)

Honors:

Elected into National Academy of Inventors Erwin Hahn Lecture, Erwin Hahn Institute, Essen, Germany Elected to Academy of Device Innovators, University of Minnesota Honorary Doctorate (Doctorate Honoris Causa), University of Maastricht, Netherlands Centennial Lecture, University of Florida, Gainesville Sth Annual Glen D. Dobben Memorial Lecture, University of Illinois, Chicago Sir Peter Mansfield Lecture, European Society of Magnetic Resonance in Medicine and Biolog Elected Fellow of the International Society of Magnetic Resonance (ISMAR) Fellow. Elected into the Institute of Medicine, the National Academies (USA) Elected into the American Academy of Arts and Sciences Honorary Doctorate (Doctorate Honoris Causa), University of Utrecht, Netherlands Segerfalk Lecture, University of Lund, Sweden Segerfalk Lecture, University of Lund, Sweden Science Day Lecturer, Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (EPFL), Lausanne Margaret & H.O. Peterson Chair Professorship, University of Minnesota Inducted as Fellow, International Society of Magnetic Resonance in Medicine (ISMRM) Gold Medal, the International Society of Magnetic Resonance in Medicine (ISMRM) Werner-Gren Distinguished Lecturer, Karolinska Institute, Stockholm NIH Research Career Development Award Irma T. Hirschl Career Scientist Award Recipient of Hammett Award for Original and Distinguished Research Columbia University, Graduate Faculties Alumni Scholar	2014	Richard Ernst Medal and Lecture (ETH, Zürich)
Elected to Academy of Device Innovators, University of Minnesota Honorary Doctorate (Doctorate Honoris Causa), University of Maastricht, Netherlands Centennial Lecture, University of Florida, Gainesville Sth Annual Glen D. Dobben Memorial Lecture, University of Illinois, Chicago Sir Peter Mansfield Lecture, European Society of Magnetic Resonance in Medicine and Biolog Elected Fellow of the International Society of Magnetic Resonance (ISMAR) Fellow. Elected into the Institute of Medicine, the National Academies (USA) Elected into the American Academy of Arts and Sciences Honorary Doctorate (Doctorate Honoris Causa), University of Utrecht, Netherlands Segerfalk Lecture, University of Lund, Sweden McKnight Presidential Endowed Chair Professorship, University of Minnesota Science Day Lecturer, Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (EPFL), Lausanne Margaret & H.O. Peterson Chair Professorship, University of Minnesota Inducted as Fellow, International Society of Magnetic Resonance in Medicine (ISMRM) Gold Medal, the International Society of Magnetic Resonance in Medicine (ISMRM) Werner-Gren Distinguished Lecturer, Karolinska Institute, Stockholm NIH Research Career Development Award Irma T. Hirschl Career Scientist Award Recipient of Hammett Award for Original and Distinguished Research	2014	Elected into National Academy of Inventors
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Centennial Lecture, University of Florida, Gainesville 5th Annual Glen D. Dobben Memorial Lecture, University of Illinois, Chicago Sir Peter Mansfield Lecture, European Society of Magnetic Resonance in Medicine and Biolog Elected Fellow of the International Society of Magnetic Resonance (ISMAR) Fellow. Elected into the Institute of Medicine, the National Academies (USA) Elected into the American Academy of Arts and Sciences Honorary Doctorate (Doctorate Honoris Causa), University of Utrecht, Netherlands Segerfalk Lecture, University of Lund, Sweden McKnight Presidential Endowed Chair Professorship, University of Minnesota Science Day Lecturer, Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (EPFL), Lausanne Margaret & H.O. Peterson Chair Professorship, University of Minnesota Inducted as Fellow, International Society of Magnetic Resonance in Medicine (ISMRM) Gold Medal, the International Society of Magnetic Resonance in Medicine (ISMRM) Werner-Gren Distinguished Lecturer, Karolinska Institute, Stockholm NIH Research Career Development Award Irma T. Hirschl Career Scientist Award Recipient of Hammett Award for Original and Distinguished Research	2013	Elected to Academy of Device Innovators, University of Minnesota
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Margaret & H.O. Peterson Chair Professorship, University of Minnesota Inducted as Fellow, International Society of Magnetic Resonance in Medicine (ISMRM) Gold Medal, the International Society of Magnetic Resonance in Medicine (ISMRM) Werner-Gren Distinguished Lecturer, Karolinska Institute, Stockholm NIH Research Career Development Award Irma T. Hirschl Career Scientist Award Recipient of Hammett Award for Original and Distinguished Research	2003	McKnight Presidential Endowed Chair Professorship, University of Minnesota
Inducted as Fellow, International Society of Magnetic Resonance in Medicine (ISMRM) Gold Medal, the International Society of Magnetic Resonance in Medicine (ISMRM) Werner-Gren Distinguished Lecturer, Karolinska Institute, Stockholm NIH Research Career Development Award Irma T. Hirschl Career Scientist Award Recipient of Hammett Award for Original and Distinguished Research	2001	Science Day Lecturer, Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (EPFL), Lausanne
Gold Medal, the International Society of Magnetic Resonance in Medicine (ISMRM) Werner-Gren Distinguished Lecturer, Karolinska Institute, Stockholm NIH Research Career Development Award Irma T. Hirschl Career Scientist Award Recipient of Hammett Award for Original and Distinguished Research	1996	Margaret & H.O. Peterson Chair Professorship, University of Minnesota
1993 Werner-Gren Distinguished Lecturer, Karolinska Institute, Stockholm 1983 NIH Research Career Development Award 1980 Irma T. Hirschl Career Scientist Award 1976 Recipient of Hammett Award for Original and Distinguished Research	1997	Inducted as Fellow, International Society of Magnetic Resonance in Medicine (ISMRM)
1983 NIH Research Career Development Award 1980 Irma T. Hirschl Career Scientist Award 1976 Recipient of Hammett Award for Original and Distinguished Research	1996	Gold Medal, the International Society of Magnetic Resonance in Medicine (ISMRM)
 1980 Irma T. Hirschl Career Scientist Award 1976 Recipient of Hammett Award for Original and Distinguished Research 	1993	Werner-Gren Distinguished Lecturer, Karolinska Institute, Stockholm
1976 Recipient of Hammett Award for Original and Distinguished Research	1983	NIH Research Career Development Award
	1980	Irma T. Hirschl Career Scientist Award
1974 Columbia University, Graduate Faculties Alumni Scholar	1976	Recipient of Hammett Award for Original and Distinguished Research
	1974	Columbia University, Graduate Faculties Alumni Scholar

C. Contribution to Science

- 1. Discovery of Functional Magnetic Resonance (fMRI). The introduction of fMRI was accomplished in two laboratories independently and simultaneously in 1991-1992, one of which was mine at the University of Minnesota. Using manipulations of the physiologic state of the anesthetized animal, such as altering oxygen content of inhaled gas, S. Ogawa from Bell Laboratories described in 1990 the effect of deoxyhemoglobin on MR images of the brain, and named it Blood Oxygenation Dependent (BOLD) contrast. In collaboration with Ogawa, I undertook experiments in my laboratory that aimed at using BOLD contrast to map human brain activity, leading to the successful demonstration of functional mapping in the human brain. This landmark effort was accompanied by the first modeling and experimental papers aimed at elucidating the mechanism underlying the functional imaging signals.
 - a. Ogawa S, Tank DW, Menon R, Ellermann JM, Kim SG, Merkle H, **Ugurbil K**. (1992). "Intrinsic signal changes accompanying sensory stimulation: functional brain mapping with magnetic resonance imaging." Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A 89(13): 5951-5955. PMCID: PMC402116.
 - b. Ogawa S, Menon RS, Tank DW, Kim SG, Merkle H, Ellermann JM, Ugurbil K. (1993). "Functional brain mapping by blood oxygenation level-dependent contrast magnetic resonance imaging. A comparison of signal characteristics with a biophysical model." Biophys J 64(3): 803-812. PMCID: PMC1262394.
 - c. Menon RS, Ogawa S, Tank DW, **Ugurbil K**. (1993). "4 Tesla gradient recalled echo characteristics of photic stimulation- induced signal changes in the human primary visual cortex." Magn Reson Med 30(3): 380-386.

- 2. Understanding the underlying mechanisms and the signal charecteristics of Functional mapping signlas in fMRI towards developing functional imaging at the level of cortical layers and columns. The ability to obtain functional maps at the level of minimal architectural units that organize neural populations of similar properties is critical for understanding brain function. The cortical columns of neocortex are prominent examples of such structurally and functionally specialized units and have received extensive attention in studies of brain function using electrophysiology, optical imaging, and computational modeling. In addition, the differences in connectivity and cell types across the few millimeter thick cortical ribbon require that laminar resolution is also critical in deciphering the elementary computations of the brain. However, ability to image brain activity at such spatial scale with fMRI was considered unlikely because fMRI signals are coupled to neuronal activity indirectly through neurovascular coupling and vasculature; hence it is not possible to assume a priori that functional mapping signals in fMRI have high fidelity to sites of neuronal activity. Subsequent to the introduction of fMRI, my group made seminal and pioneering contributions towards understanding the mechanisms underlying fMRI signals, the spatial scale of neurovascular coupling, and the nature of mapping signal with different functional contrast encoding approaches; we then exploited this knowledge to develop methods (including ultrahigh field MR technology (see below)) to functional mapping at the level of cortical columns and layers in the human brain.
 - a. Duong TQ, Kim DS, **Ugurbil K**, Kim SG. (2001). "Localized cerebral blood flow response at submillimeter columnar resolution." Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A 98, 10904-10909. PMCID: PMC58572.
 - b. Shmuel A, Yacoub E, Pfeuffer J, Van de Moortele PF, Adriany G, Hu X, **Ugurbil K**. (2002). "Sustained negative BOLD, blood flow and oxygen consumption response and its coupling to the positive response in the human brain." Neuron 36, 1195-1210.
 - c. Shmuel A, Yacoub E, Chaimow D, Logothetis NK, **Ugurbil K**. (2007). "Spatio-temporal point-spread function of fMRI signal in human gray matter at 7 Tesla." Neuroimage 35, 539-552. PMCID: PMC2989431.
 - d. Yacoub E, Harel N, **Ugurbil K**. (2008). "High-field fMRI unveils orientation columns in humans." Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A 105, 10607-10612. PMCID: PMC2492463.
- 3. Development of high and ultrahigh magnetic fields for magnetic resonance imaging and spectroscopy, particularly for neuroimaging and fMRI. A common thread in my work has been the effort to exploit high magnetic fields for human studies in order to enhance the biological information content, accuracy, and resolution of imaging and spectroscopy signals. My laboratory was one of the first three academic laboratories that initiated 4 Tesla (T) human imaging at approximately the same time in ~1990; subsequently, justified by a large body of 4T human data and small animal experiments conducted at 9.4T, largely aimed at imaging brain function, we were the first to introduce 7 Tesla for human studies in ~1999, using a magnet developed specifically for us and system development and integration undertaken by my group. This seminal effort in ultrahigh magnetic fields was complemented with fundamental studies on the physics of high field/high frequency imaging in the human body, development of high frequency RF methods and instrumentation (such as parallel transmit concepts and hardware), and introduction of new data acquisition methods, to attain some of the most advanced neuroimaging capabilities. The data coming from this 7T system ultimately led to commercially produced 7 T systems and to the evolution of such high fields as the most advanced neuroimaging and more recently body imaging platform.
 - a. **Ugurbil K**, Garwood M, Ellermann J, Hendrich K, Hinke R, Hu X, Kim SG, Menon R, Merkle H, Ogawa S, Salmi R. (1993). "Imaging at high magnetic fields: initial experiences at 4 T". Magn Reson Q 9, 259-277.
 - b. Vaughan JT, Garwood M, Collins CM, Liu W, DelaBarre L, Adriany G, Andersen P, Merkle H, Goebel R, Smith MB, **Ugurbil K**. (2001). "7T vs. 4T: RF power, homogeneity, and signal-to-noise comparison in head images." Magn Reson Med 46, 24-30.
 - c. Adriany G, Van de Moortele PF, Wiesinger F, Moeller S, Strupp JP, Andersen P, Snyder C, Zhang X, Chen W, Pruessmann KP, Boesiger P, Vaughan T, **Ugurbil K**. (2005). "Transmit and receive transmission line arrays for 7 Tesla parallel imaging." Magn Reson Med 53, 434-445.

- d. Van de Moortele PF, Akgun C, Adriany G, Moeller S, Ritter J, Collins CM, Smith MB, Vaughan JT, **Ugurbil K**. (2005). "B(1) destructive interferences and spatial phase patterns at 7 T with a head transceiver array coil." Magn Reson Med 54, 1503-1518.
- 4. The Human Connectome Project. The Human Connectome Project (HCP) was a major undertaking funded by the sixteen institutes and centers of the National Institutes of Health (NIH) that support the NIH Blueprint for Neuroscience Research. HCP aims to map connections in of the human brain in the mm scale in normal adults in their mid-life. This project was awarded to a consortium led by the Washington University and the University of Minnesota, Center for Magnetic Resonance Research (CMRR) (grant number 1U54MH091657) with David Van Essen from Washington University in St. Louis and I serving as co-PIs. My group was responsible for all the technical developments for image acquisition and reconstructions methods. Starting from developments already in progress in my group, we were able to accomplish major advanced for image acquisition leading to the highest temporal and spatial resolution fMRI and diffusion weighted (dMRI) images of the human brain, and significant improvements in connectomics information derived from such data. These imaging approaches have redefined functional and diffusion weighted imaging. Tom Insel, the head of the NIMH cited the HCP accomplishments major advance in brain sciences as (http://www.nimh.nih.gov/about/director/2015/brain-awareness.shtml).
 - a. **Ugurbil K**, Xu J, Auerbach EJ, Moeller S, Vu AT, Duarte-Carvajalino, et al. (2013). "Pushing spatial and temporal resolution for functional and diffusion MRI in the Human Connectome Project." Neuroimage 80, 80-104. PMCID: PMC3740184.
 - b. Van Essen DC, Smith SM, Barch DM, Behrens TE, Yacoub E, **Ugurbil K**, WU-Minn HCP Consortium. (2013). "The WU-Minn Human Connectome Project: An overview." Neuroimage 80, 62-79. PMCID: PMC3724347.
 - c. Smith SM, Miller KL, Moeller S, Xu J, Auerbach EJ, Woolrich MW, Beckmann CF, Jenkinson M, Andersson J, Glasser MF, Van Essen DC, Feinberg DA, Yacoub ES, **Ugurbil K**. (2012). "Temporally-independent functional modes of spontaneous brain activity." Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A 109, 3131-3136. PMCID: PMC3286957.
 - d. Xu J, Moeller S, Auerbach EJ, Strupp J, Smith SM, Feinberg DA, Yacoub E, **Ugurbil K**. 2013. "Evaluation of slice accelerations using multiband echo planar imaging at 3 T." Neuroimage 83, 991-1001. PMCID: PMC3815955.
- 5. In vivo magnetic resonance Spectroscopy and applications to studies in the human brain. One of the first pioneering efforts towards using magnetic resonance spectroscopy to extract biological and physiologic information non-invasively in intact biological systems was started in Bell Laboratories Biophysics group where I worked after my PhD. In this small group, my colleagues and I introduced and demonstrated the use of magnetic resonance spectroscopy in intact biological systems. Many years later I used many of these techniques to study bioenergetics of neuronal function in the human brain at ultrahigh magnetic fields.
 - a. **Ugurbil K**, Brown TR, den Hollander JA, Glynn P, Shulman RG. (1978). "High-resolution 13C nuclear magnetic resonance studies of glucose metabolism in Escherichia coli." Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A 75, 3742-3746.
 - b. Brown TR, Kincaid BM, **Ugurbil K**. (1982). "NMR chemical shift imaging in three dimensions." Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A 79, 3523-3526.
 - c. Chen W, Zhu XH, Gruetter R, Seaquist ER, Adriany G, **Ugurbil K**. (2001). "Study of tricarboxylic acid cycle flux changes in human visual cortex during hemifield visual stimulation using (1)H-{(13)C} MRS and fMRI." Magn Reson Med 45, 349-355.
 - d. Mangia S, Tkac I, Gruetter R, Van de Moortele PF, Maraviglia B, **Ugurbil K**. (2007). "Sustained neuronal activation raises oxidative metabolism to a new steady-state level: evidence from 1H NMR spectroscopy in the human visual cortex." J Cereb Blood Flow Metab 27, 1055-1063.

Complete List of Published Work in MyBibliography:

D. Research Support

ACTIVE

NIH P41EB015894 (PI: Ugurbil) 06/01/2013 - 05/31/2018

Title: NMR Imaging and Spectroscopy

The central aim of this Biotechnology Research Center (BTRC) grant is to significantly advance MR based measurement capabilities and their biomedical applications in humans by exploiting ultrahigh magnetic fields and: 1) developing novel image acquisition and reconstruction technologies and engineering solutions through five TRD (Technology Research and Development) projects, and 2) enabling a large number of Collaborative and Service projects to acquire advanced structural, functional, and physiological information to investigate human organ function in health and disease, targeting both human brain and the abdominal organs.

NIH P30 NS076408 (PI: Ugurbil) 09/30/2012 – 06/30/2017 Title: Institutional Center Cores for Advanced Neuroimaging

The general aim of this proposal is to establish NINDS Institutional Center Core facilities that will augment the unique resources that exist at the Center for Magnetic Resonance Research (CMRR), University of Minnesota, for biomedical imaging, so as to maximize their utilization and impact on a large number of NINDS funded research projects on normal brain function and neurological disorders.

NIH 1U54 MH091657 (Co-PI: Ugurbil) 09/15/2010 - 08/31/2015

Title: Mapping the Human Connectome Structure, Function, and Heritability

The HCP will focus on the cerebral cortex owing to its physical dominance. However, we anticipate that it will also generate invaluable information about connectivity, function and parcellation of the cerebellum, thalamus, and basal ganglia. Relatively little is currently known about human brain connectivity, but studies of nonhuman primates reveal that each cortical area and each subcortical nucleus typically has reciprocal connections with dozens of other areas and nuclei, with connection strengths that range over orders of magnitude.

NIH 1R01NS070839 (PI: Zhu) 05/01/2010 - 04/30/2015

Title: Quantitative and Non-invasive Imaging of Oxygen Metabolism in Human Brain

Role: Co-I

NIH 5R01HL021872 (PI: Bache) 02/01/1978 - 06/30/2016

Title: Myocardial Perfusion in the Hypertrophied Heart

Role: Co-I

(PI: Bernstein) 07/01/2013 – 06/30/2015

Title: Effects of Sertraline on Brain Connectivity in Adolescents with OCD

Role: Co-I

OVERLAP

There is no Scientific or Budgetary Overlap